



Community Leadership Committee

9 March 2016

UNITAS				
Title	Annual update on the 2016 Community Safety Strategic Assessment			
Report of	Jamie Blake, Commissioning Director, Environment			
Wards	All			
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Key	No			
Enclosures	Appendix 1 - 2015/16 Action Plan Review			
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Summary

In line with the statutory duty under S6 Crime and Disorder Act 1998 the Barnet Safer Communities Partnership ('BSCP' or 'the Partnership') produces and implements a partnership strategy for reducing crime and anti-social behaviour.

The 2015-2020 Barnet Community Safety Strategy focuses on working in partnership with our local community, businesses and partners; supporting victims of crime, managing offenders to reduce their reoffending and directing partnership resources to the high crime and ASB areas in the borough.

The statutory duty also includes the production of an annual strategic crime needs assessment which analyses performance of the strategy and seeks to understand any changing or emerging crime and trends.

This report provides a summary of the findings of the annual strategic crime needs assessment, the emerging priorities and the annual update to the Community Leadership Committee on the progress made in delivering Barnet's Community Safety Strategy.

Recommendations

- 1. The Community Leadership Committee note and comment on the findings of the Community Safety Strategic Crime Needs Assessment.
- 2. That the Community Leadership Committee note the progress made by the Safer Communities Partnership on delivering the 2015/16 Community Safety Strategy Action Plan.
- 3. That the Community Leadership Committee note that the final Community Safety Strategy update will be agreed at the Safer Communities Partnership Board on 22nd April 2016.
- 4. That the Community Leadership Committee note and comment on the role of the Council delivering on the Community Safety Strategy through the Council's Community Safety Team.

1. WHY THIS REPORT IS NEEDED

- 1.1. The BSCP is a statutory Community Safety Partnership set up under Section 5-7 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998. Partners are required to work together to protect their communities from crime and help people feel safer, work out how to deal with local issues like anti-social behaviour, drug and alcohol misuse and reoffending and annually assess local crime priorities, consulting with partners and the local community about how to deal with them.
- 1.2. Sections 5, 6 and 7 of the act stipulates that the responsible authorities for a local government area must formulate a strategy for the reduction of crime and disorder in the area and must carry out an annual review of the levels and patterns of crime and disorder.
- 1.3. The Community Safety Strategic Assessment is the annual review of crime levels and patterns and will inform the 2016/17 refresh of the 2015-2020 Community Safety Strategy and supporting action plan. As well as considering patterns of crime and disorder the assessment also reviews the implementation of the 2015-2020 strategy against the 2015/16 action plan within that strategy.

Strategic Priorities of Barnet's 2012-2020 Community Safety Strategy

- 1.4. The 2015-2020 Community Safety Strategy has three overarching objectives:
 - To provide a victim centred approach to victims of crime and anti-social behaviour.
 - To maintain reductions in crime and anti-social behaviour.
 - To improve the perception of Barnet as a safe place to live, work and visit.
- 1.5. In order to work towards these objectives the Partnership committed that in 2015/16 it will work towards the following outcomes:
 - 1. Residents and businesses feel confident that the police and council respond to crime and ASB in their area.
 - 2. Residents and businesses are engaged and informed about community safety and the action we have taken in their area.
 - 3. Victims of Domestic Violence and Hate Crime are confident in reporting incidents and the Partnership intervenes to prevent repeat victimisation.
 - 4. The Partnership will work to reduce Serious Youth Violence with a focus on young people as victims and offenders.
 - 5. Sustained reductions in re-offending.
 - 6. Sustained reductions in Burglary and other high volume crime types, such as: Violence with Injury, Robbery, Theft of Motor Vehicle, Theft from Motor Vehicle, Theft from Person, Criminal Damage

Appendix one of this report sets out the progress made by the partnership in achieving these outcomes.

Summary findings of the Strategic Crime Needs Assessment

- 1.6 The following areas are covered in this summary:
 - Barnet's overall crime rate and long term trends
 - Crime levels in the last 12 months
 - Residential and non-residential burglary trends
 - · Changes in the levels of reported violent crime
 - Serious youth violence
 - Hate crime trends
 - The Mayor's Office for Policing and Crime ('MOPAC') crime reduction targets
 - Anti-social Behaviour levels and patterns
 - · Patterns and trends of re-offending
 - Community Confidence
 - Resident perception of crime and ASB
 - The cost of crime
- 1.7 At the time of writing this report the full and final Strategic Crime Needs Assessment is still being drafted, however a summary of the key findings so far have been provided in this report. The final assessment will provide much more detail.

Overall Crime rate and long term trends

- 1.8 Barnet is one of London's safest boroughs with a low crime rate. Barnet has the 7th lowest rate of total crime per person out of all 32 London boroughs and the 4th lowest rate of violent crime. The overall rate of crime per 1000 population is 24% lower than the London average.
- 1.9. Barnet has been achieving significant long term crime reductions: Since the 2011/2012 baseline. Barnet has achieved an overall 17.4% reduction¹ across the MOPAC7² crime types. This includes over 1000 fewer burglaries per year (a reduction of over 20%), over 500 fewer robberies and more than 1100 fewer Theft from Motor Vehicle offences.

Crime levels over the last 12 months³

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¹ As at January 2016

² MOPAC7 Crime types: Burglary, Criminal Damage, Robbery, Theft from Motor Vehicles, Theft of Motor Vehicles, Theft from a Person, Violence with Injury

³ Figures based on the rolling 12 months to 20th January 2016

1.10. Crime reduction performance over the last 12 months has been more challenging, after a number of years of successive reductions, residential burglary is up around 2% (from 2631 to 2681 offences) compared to a year ago, robbery is also up around 12% (from 559 to 628 offences) compared to last year (note even withstanding the increase in the last 12 months Burglary is still down over 20% compared to 2011/12 and robbery more than 30% down).

Residential and Non-residential Burglary Trends

1.11. Reducing Burglary in Barnet is recognised as a top priority: there are now over 1000 fewer burglaries happening in Barnet every year than there were three years ago. However burglary is the only major volume crime which occurs in Barnet at a rate well above the London average (the burglary rate per 1000 population in Barnet is 22% higher than London's). Over the last 12 months Barnet has had the 14th highest rate of non-residential burglary and the highest rate of residential burglary per 1000 population of the 32 London Boroughs. The high rate of residential burglaries during the 2015/16 winter illustrates that despite the significant reduction achieved, residential burglary remains high in Barnet and reducing it further must remain a key priority.

Changes in the levels of reported violent crime

1.12. Since 2014 onwards there has been a significant increase in reported violence with injury (VWI) in Barnet – this trend has been in line with the London wide trend, and it is believed changes in reporting and recording practices have contributed significantly to this – as a result VWI is around 40% higher than the 2011/12 baseline. It is important to note that Barnet remains one of the Safest boroughs in London (with the 4th lowest rate of violent crime per 1000 population out of all 32 London boroughs; and a rate of violent crime per 1000 population that is 29% below the London average).

Serious Youth Violence

1.13. There are some small but significant issues associated with gang activity. Reflecting a London wide trend, there have been increases in the rate of knife crime and number of serious youth violence victims and there has been an increases in youth offenders assessed as high or very high risk of serious harm to others. The rate of Serious Youth Violence in Barnet in the last 12 months⁴ is 5.5 per 10,000 young people; this is the 11th lowest rate out of the 32 London boroughs.

Hate Crime Trends

⁴ January – December 2015

1.14. Over the past two years the volume of Hate Crime reported across London has risen, Barnet has followed this trend, and the increase in Barnet has been greater than the average increase across London. There were 548 reported Racist & Religious Hate Crimes in Barnet in the 12 months to January 2016, compared to 415 in the previous year, an increase on the previous year of 32% (in comparison to the 21% London increase). Despite this it is well attested that nationally, Hate Crime is significantly underreported.⁵

MOPAC Crime Reduction Targets

- 1.15. The seven MOPAC crime types are: Burglary, Criminal Damage, Robbery, Theft from Motor Vehicles, Theft of Motor Vehicles, Theft from a Person, Violence with Injury. The overall target set by MOPAC was a reduction of 20% across these crime types by March 2016. Barnet has achieved a 17.5% reduction so far, partners recognise that it will be a challenge to achieve a further additional 2.5% reduction to achieve the 20% target by March 2016.
- 1.16. The increase in reported violent crime (following the London and national trend) has offset some of the considerable reductions achieved across other crime types (especially Burglary and Robbery) and this combined with the tailing off of the downward trends in Burglary and Robbery over the last 12 months are why Barnet is likely to fall just short of the 20% reduction target.

⁵ The Crime Survey for England And Wales estimates 278,000 Hate Crimes occur nationally annually – in comparison the figure reported and recorded by the police nationally was 43,000. See HM Government Report: Challenge It, Report It, Stop It.

1.17. Table 1 below shows a breakdown of the performance of each crime type included in the MOPAC 7.

	Volume during 12			
	months to	2011/12	Change	
	January	Baseline	compared to	Percentage
	2016	volume	Baseline	Change
Burglary	3874	4912	-1038	-21.1%
Criminal Damage	2269	2361	-92	-3.9%
Robbery	637	1199	-562	-46.9%
Theft from Motor Vehicles	2361	3602	-1241	-34.5%
Theft of Motor Vehicles	672	956	-284	-29.7%
Theft from a Person	625	692	-67	-9.7%
Violence with Injury	2172	1539	633	41.1%

Table 1

Antisocial behaviour levels and patterns

- 1.18. Barnet residents have told us that they want us to work together with the community to reduce rubbish and litter concerns and to address rough sleeping and street drinking issues. Anti-social behaviour covers a wide range of crime and disorder which affects the quality of life of victims and communities, from litter and vandalism, to public drunkenness or aggressive dogs, to noisy or abusive neighbours. While overall reports of ASB have fallen and Barnet has the 11th lowest rate per 1000 population out of the 32 London boroughs, there has been an increase in some place based ASB issues relating to litter, flytipping, graffiti, rough sleeping and street drinking.
 - Over the last 12 months total ASB calls received by the police are down 16% (8,379 compared to 9,944 a year ago) and repeat callers down 25% (184 compared to 248 a year ago).⁶

⁶ Based on the rolling 12 months to 20 January 2016

Re-offending patterns and trends

- Prior to June 2014 the supervision of offenders in the community was carried out 1.19. by 35 Probation Trusts (Nationally). In June 2014 this delivery model was transformed and the National Probation Service (NPS) was set up alongside 21 Community Rehabilitation Companies (CRC). Together the National Probation Service and the CRCs have replaced the former 35 Probation Trusts.
- 1.20. Overall, among a cohort of 2285 offenders being managed in Barnet, the level of Proven Adult Reoffending is 22% this represents a decrease in the reoffending rate of 1% compared to a year ago.7
- 1.21. The Barnet Integrated Offender Management programme was implemented in June 2012 as a co-located, multi-agency team including the Police; Probation; Local Authority: Jobcentre+; and re-settlement specialists. The team puts in place bespoke interventions for the offenders - Individually tailored to maximise the chance of breaking the cycle of offending. Support, prevention and enforcement interventions are co-ordinated as necessary.
- 1.22. The Integrated Offender Management Programme (IOM) is achieving a reduction in the offending rate for clients supported by the IOM programme. The latest figures (January 2016) show that the average rate of offences committed by an offender on the IOM programme is 1.8 offences per year – in contrasts to an average of 2.9 for the same offenders before they joined the programme. During the last year 103 offenders have been supported by Barnet's IOM team.
- 1.23. MAPPA (Multi-agency public protection arrangements) is a multi-agency forum that includes the police, National Probation Service, and the Prison Service, who act to ensure Multi-agency public protection arrangements are in place for the successful management of violent and sexual offenders. Barnet MAPPA supports 223 individuals under its multi-agency public protection arrangements.⁸
- 1 24 Solving Crime: The Sanction Detection Rate serves as a measure of what proportion of crimes are 'cleared up' or 'solved' by the police. In Barnet over the last 12 months 3.373 crimes were classified as Sanction Detections9 out of the total of 24,515 reported during that period - this is equivalent to a Sanction

⁷ Ministry of Justice Proven Re-offending Update 2015 (based on cohort between: October 2012 – September 2013)

⁸ MAPPA Annual Report 2014/15.

⁹ A sanction detection occurs when (1) a notifiable offence (crime) has been committed and recorded; (2) a suspect has been identified and is aware of the detection; (3) the Crown Prosecution Service (CPS) evidential test is satisfied; (4) the victim has been informed that the offence has been detected, and; (5) the suspect has been charged, reported for summons, or cautioned, been issued with a penalty notice for disorder or the offence has been taken into consideration when an offender is sentenced (includes cannabis warnings).

Detection Rate of 13.8% (in comparison to 18.4% in the same period a year ago).

Community Confidence in the police and council

1.25. Overall there is a high level of community cohesion in Barnet and 88% of residents are satisfied with their local area as a place to live¹⁰ (compared to a comparative figure of 82% nationally). Most residents are confident that the police and council are working effectively to tackle crime and ASB: 64% of residents consulted in the autumn 2015 Residents Perception Survey confirmed that they are confident that the police and council are working effectively to deal with Anti-social behaviour, although this does represent a decrease from the 68% in the spring 2015 survey.

Resident perceptions

1.26. Improving the perception of Barnet as a safe place to live, work, study or visit in is one of the three strategic objectives set out in the 2015-2020 Community Safety Strategy. Despite falling crime rates over the last five years, crime continues to be one of the top three priorities for residents.

Survey respondents have made clear the need to keep victims and communities informed of action taken to tackle ASB in their local area. The Safer Communities Partnership recognises the need to improve external communications; the communication plan will aim to address residents' concerns.

The cost of crime

1.27. The estimated cost of reported crime in Barnet during 2014/15 is £82.2M¹¹. When considering underreporting the true cost could be nearer £187 million. The 2014/15 cost represents an increase of £9.7M compared to the previous year. This is largely due to the increase in the rate of reported violent offences, a trend not only occurring in Barnet but London and nationwide. As a result violent and sexual offences now account for 58% of the total cost of crime, compared to 44% two years previously; while the proportion of the cost that burglary and robbery account for has fallen from 33% to 18% and from 14% to 6% respectively.

¹⁰ Barnet Residents Perception Survey Autumn 2015

¹¹ The cost estimates are based Home Office research which specifies estimated average unit costs for different crime types. These estimates are composed of three elements: costs incurred in anticipation of crime (such as security expenditure), as a consequence of crime (such as property stolen and emotional or physical impacts), and in response to crime (costs to the criminal justice system).

Delivering the Community Safety Strategy 2015/16 Action Plan

1.28 A progress review of the Community Safety 2015-2016 action plan is provided in appendix 1 of this report.

Key areas of future work for the Safer Communities Partnership include:

- 1.29. Offender Management: Further work is required to develop the joint working with Community Rehabilitation Company (CRC), National Probation Service (NPS), Police, and Barnet Council; and to establish clear support pathways for offenders especially in relation to mental health where there is an identified need.
- 1.30. Antisocial behaviour: The Safer Communities Partnership will establish partnership agreements to ensure a consistent approach across the partnership on reporting, recording and responding to Anti-social behaviour; implement a performance management framework to measure the impact and quality of interventions, increase community engagement and ensure enforcement action is taken where appropriate.
- 1.31. Youth Crime: The Safer Communities Partnership will continue to support the refreshed Serious Youth Violence Strategy.
- 1.32. Counter Terrorism To ensure that the council remains at all times fully-compliant with the new statutory Prevent duty and across all of its departments and functions; to coordinate the necessary partnership action in response to the risks and recommendations outlined in the Counter Terrorism Local Profile (CTLP); and to provide relevant and appropriate briefings and training to council staff elected members, and partners when necessary.
- 1.33. Domestic Violence To review Barnet's Domestic Violence and Violence against Women and Girls Strategy ensuring it incorporates the recommendations and actions of the two Domestic Homicide Reviews.
- 1.34. Hate Crime to support the work of the Adult Safe Guarding Board around access to justice, delivering an improved third party reporting scheme for hate crime.
- 1.35. To support the work of the Local Children Safe Guarding Board on Child Sexual Exploitation specifically the objective on disruption and prosecution of offenders.
- 1.36. To develop a robust communications plan where residents and ward Councillors are kept informed of action taken by the partnership in their area.
- 1.37. To continue supporting the police in addressing residential burglary.

1.38. To support the Health and Wellbeing Board in delivering their Substance Misuse Strategy.

2015/16 MOPAC Projects Review Update

1.39. The Mayor's Office for Policing and Crime (MOPAC) sets the direction and budget for the Metropolitan Police Service on behalf of the Mayor. MOPAC provides funding for community safety and crime reduction programs to boroughs across London. The MOPAC funding streams for local authority community safety work constitutes what MOPAC has designated the 'London Crime Prevention Fund.'

Barnet secured funding from the MOPAC London Crime Prevention Fund covering the period between 1st April 2013 and 31st Match 2017. In June 2015 this agreement was updated.

This funding is allocated between five local delivered projects in Barnet:

- i) Young People's Substance Misuse Interventions;
- ii) Reducing Substance Misuse Offending;
- iii) Enhanced Integrated Offender Management;
- iv) Neighbourhood Restorative Justice Panels and
- v) Safer Homes Scheme.

Each of these projects contributes to delivering on the Barnet Safer Communities Strategy Priorities and the 2015-2020 Corporate Plan Vision for 2020 – that Barnet will be among the safest places in London. An update report on the Council's engagement in MOPAC projects was provided to the Community Leadership Committee on the 9th September 2015.

2. REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

- 2.1 The strategic crime needs assessment, together with the results of the community consultation will inform the 2016-2017 priorities of the Safer Communities Partnership Board (SCPB). The councils Community Safety Team:
 - Manage the delivery of the Community Safety Strategy and its annual action plan
 - Develop the partnership working in order to deliver on the strategy actions
 - Acts as the central point for statutory partners, council delivery units, commissioned and contracted services for community safety, providing the expertise and support required for the partnership to be compliant and deliver services that meet the needs of our local residents.
 - Manage, deliver and develop front line services for victims of ASB and crime.
 - Commission and contract manage commissioned services.
- 2.2 The recommendations are made to ensure the Community Leadership Committee holding the portfolio for Community Safety as it relates to the local authority and its input to the Safer Communities Partnership remains informed and consulted about the council's actions to support and deliver on the community safety agenda and the statutory requirements set out in the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.

3. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED AND NOT RECOMMENDE

3.1 Not relevant in relation to this report.

4. POST DECISION IMPLEMENTATION

4.1 The results of the public consultation (ends on 29th February 2016) will be reviewed during March 2016. The findings from the consultation, together with the findings and recommendations of the Strategic Assessment will be taken into consideration when finalising the 2016/17 update of the Community Safety Strategy delivery plan. The Safer Communities Partnership Board will sign off the final strategy on the 22nd April 2016.

5. IMPLICATIONS OF DECISION

5.1 Corporate Priorities and Performance

5.1.1 The Council's Corporate Plan 2015-20 sets out the following strategic objectives:

That Barnet Council, working with local, regional and national partners, will strive to make sure that Barnet is the place:

- Of opportunity, where people can further their quality of life.
- Where responsibility is shared, fairly.
- Where people are helped to help themselves, recognising that prevention is better than cure.
- Where services are delivered efficiently to get value for money for the taxpayer.
- 5.1.2 The effective implementation of Barnet's Community Safety Strategy supports Barnet in achieving the commitment set out in the corporate plan that Barnet will be amongst the safest places in London, with high levels of community cohesion, and residents feeling safe.

5.2 Resources (Finance & Value for Money, Procurement, Staffing, IT, Property, Sustainability)

- 5.2.1 On behalf of the Safer Communities Partnership, Barnet Council receive funding from the London Crime Reduction Fund which is administered by the Mayor's Office for Policing and Crime (MOPAC). The grant is used to fund projects that were submitted for funding in 2012/13. The grant agreement was reviewed and updated by MOPAC and Barnet Council in 2015.
- 5.2.2 The proposed 2016/17 update to the Community Safety Strategy will be shared with MOPAC in order to ensure the future alignment of funding to support delivery and address potential resource implications.
- 5.2.3 For the 2016/17 year MOPAC has agreed grant funding of £220,424 (subject to satisfactory performance returns) which will fund the following projects in support of the Community Safety Strategy objectives: Young People's Substance Misuse Interventions; Reducing Substance Misuse Offending; Enhanced Integrated Offender Management; and the Safer Homes Scheme.

- 5.2.4 Financial impact and resources will be reviewed annually as part of the strategies annual review.
- 5.2.5 MOPAC places importance on delivering value for money, therefore each of the funded projects submits a quarterly performance monitoring report which monitors the project against key performance indicators and financial expenditure.

5.3 Legal and Constitutional References

- 5.3.1 S6 of Crime and Disorder Act 1998 ('the 1998 Act') places a statutory duty on responsible authorities (including local authorities, the Police, Probation Trusts, and Fire and Rescue Authorities) to formulate and implement strategies for the reduction of crime and disorder (including anti-social behaviour), for combating the misuse of drugs, alcohol and other substances; and for the reduction of reoffending.
- 5.3.2 The BSCP is a Community Safety Partnership set up in accordance with the requirement of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 as amended by the Policing and Crime Act 2009.
- 5.3.3 Under s.17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, it is also a duty of the Council (and other partner agencies, including police, fire & rescue, GLA, TfL) when exercising its functions to have due regard to the likely effect of the exercise of those functions on, and the need to do all that it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder (including anti-social behaviour), misuse of drugs, alcohol and other substances and re-offending.
- 5.3.4 The Council's Constitution sets out the Terms of Reference of the Community Leadership Committee which includes:
 - To contribute to achieving better outcomes in the Safer Communities Strategy through CCTV, fighting crime and anti-social behaviour, combating graffiti fly-tipping and other environmental crime, action against Domestic Violence and any other relevant Council activity.
 - To work together with partners on the Barnet Safer Communities Partnership including Police, Fire and Criminal Justice Agencies to help make Barnet a safer place.
 - To provide scrutiny aspect of Community Safety.

5.4 Risk Management

5.4.1 This report covers a wide range of services delivered through the Community Safety Strategy. Risk management varies according to the different initiatives. The partnership or relevant agencies are made aware of risks and actions to mitigate the risk are agreed and put in place. There is always an obvious risk that the partnership may not achieve the targets set due to factors outside the direct control of the partnership – however there is strong partnership working in place enabling agencies to identify and highlight risk and be open to addressing the risk collectively.

5.5 Equalities and Diversity

- 5.5.1 Section 149 of the Equality Act 2010 sets out the public sector equality duty to which the authority must have due regard. The Council's public sector equality duty is set out in s149 of the Equality Act 2010:
- 5.5.2 A public authority must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to
 - (a) Eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under this Act;
 - (b) Advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it;
 - (c) Foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.
- 5.5.3 The relevant protected characteristics are age; disability; gender reassignment; pregnancy and maternity; race; religion or belief; sex and sexual orientation.
- 5.5.4 The strategic crime needs assessment, community safety consultation and the services delivered to victims of crime and ASB take into account the protected characteristics to ensure services are accessible and fair to all sections of the community.

5.6 Consultation and Engagement

5.6.1 The existing Community Safety Strategy 2015-2020 outlines the objectives and outcomes that the Safer Communities Partnership Board will focus on over the next five years. The outcomes have been identified through i) a

public consultation including public meetings, an online survey as well as workshops and information stalls across the borough; and ii) consultation with internal and external stakeholders, the Safer Communities Partnership Board and the Community Leadership Committee.

5.6.2 Residents have been invited to give the council their views and concerns about crime and anti-social behaviour in their area as part of the 'Barnet Safer Communities Partnership 2016/17 Community Consultation'. The consultation ending on 29th February 2016, the feedback received will be reviewed during March 2016 and will inform the 2017/17 update of the Community Safety Strategy.

6. Background Papers

6.1 The Community Leadership Committee has received updates throughout 2015-2016 on the work of the partnership. Background papers are as follows:

11 September 2014

Agenda item 9: Update on the Safer Communities Strategy 2011-2014 https://barnet.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s17449/Update%20on%20the%20Safer %20Communities%20Strategy%202011-2014%20and%20Community%20Safety%20Enhancement%20Projects.pdf

Agenda Item 10: Update on the Youth project in Burnt Oak https://barnet.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s17448/Update%20on%20Youth%20Project%20in%20Burnt%20Oak.pdf

Agenda item 11:Strategic Crime Needs Assessment and development of the 2015-2018 Safer Communities Strategy

https://barnet.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s17450/Strategic%20crime%20needs%2 0assessment%20and%20the%20development%20of%20the%202015-18%20Safer%20Communities%20Strategy.pdf

10 November 2014

Agenda Item 9: Draft Community Safety Strategy 2015-2020 https://barnet.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s18959/Community%20Safety%20Strategy%202015-2020.pdf

24 June 2015

Agenda item 8 : Update on the Councils new statutory duties, Council progress and future partnership working on the 'Prevent' agenda

https://barnet.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s24007/Prevent_CLC%2024June2015% 20FINAL.pdf

Agenda item 10: Update report on Domestic Violence and the police

https://barnet.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s24006/DV_VAWG%20Update%20CLC %20FINAL%2024JUNE2015.pdf

9 September 2015

Agenda item 7: An update on the Council engagement with the Mayors Office for Policing and Crime (MOPAC)

https://barnet.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s25636/MOPAC%20update%20CLC.pdf

Agenda Item 8: Transformation Project – Progress report https://barnet.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s25639/CCTV%20Update%20CLC%20Sep%202015.pdf

Agenda Item 9: Performance report on public confidence with Barnet Police and Barnet Council's response to crime and ASB

https://barnet.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s25610/Confidence%20CTY%20Safety.pdf

25 November 2015

Agenda Item 7: An update on the Council and partnership action to respond to ASB and implementing the ASB and Crime Policing Act 2014

https://barnet.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s27557/ASB%20Update%20CLC%2025 NOV2015%20KV%20Final.pdf

Agenda Item 8: Keeping Barnet Safe by reducing re-offending in Barnet https://barnet.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s27560/Offender%20Management%20C LC%2025NOV2015%20KV%20Final%20Draft.pdf